

DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE ENVIRONMENTS FOR ALL CHILDREN

PRESENTATION OBJECTIVES

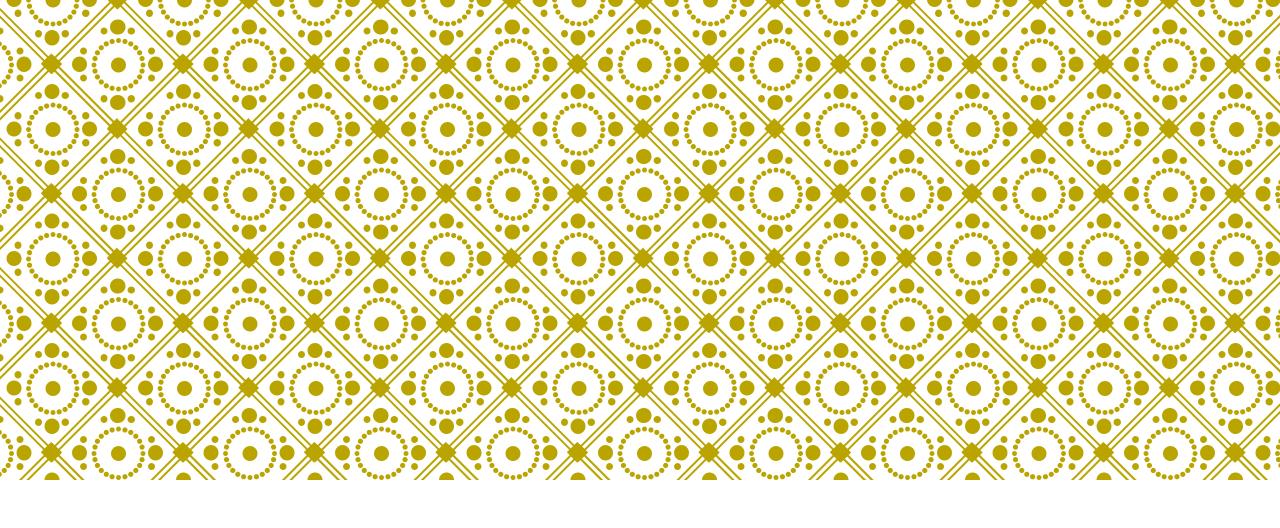


- Understand the foundations of Developmentally Appropriate Practice (DAP)
- Review the components that make up the **DAE** point in the 2019/2020 YoungStar evaluation criteria and discuss strategies for inclusive settings
- Reflect on your current understanding and use of DAP/DAE and brainstorm for future implementation

QUESTIONS TO GET US GOING

- When you hear someone refer to a "teaching practice" or an environment as "developmentally appropriate," what does that mean to you? What words come to mind?
- How well do you know the kids in your care? What types of things do you know about them and are you able to use that information to make decisions or plan for their development?





DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE PRACTICE (DAP)



CORE CONSIDERATIONS OF DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE PRACTICE

Developmentally appropriate practice (DAP) is an approach to teaching grounded in the research on how young children develop and learn and in what is known about effective early education.

DAP is designed to:

- Promote optimal learning and development
- Help each child meet challenging and achievable learning goals
- Meet children where they are, as individuals and as part of a group

1. KNOWING ABOUT CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND LEARNING



- Understanding what children should know and be able to do at a particular age or stage of development
 - Developmental Milestones
 - WMELS's Developmental expectations
- East practice is based on knowledge, not assumptions of how children learn and develop
 - Ongoing observation and assessment
- Anticipating and responding
 - Allows for flexibility in teaching and planning
 - Adults can plan for skills that fall below and above what is considered typical

2. KNOWING ABOUT EACH CHILD INDIVIDUALLY



- Dbserving a child's play and how they interact with the physical environment, as well as with their peers, provides information about their interests, abilities, preferences, and developmental progress
- East practice requires that teachers gather information about each individual child in order to design and adapt activities that engage them in the learning process
 - Universal Design for Learning Multiple means of expression, representation and engagement
- Assessing and adapting
 - > Adults make decisions based on child specific information

3. KNOWING WHAT IS SOCIALLY AND CULTURALLY IMPORTANT



- Striving to understand the social values and cultural expectations that shape a child's home and community
 - Implicit bias
 - Family engagement
- Best practice promotes learning experiences that are meaningful, relevant and respectful to the social and cultural backgrounds in which the child lives
- Considering and understanding (especially behaviors)
 - Adults recognize that a child's cultural and social experiences impact how they see the world, as well as how they interact and react to various situations

PUTTING DAP INTO ACTION









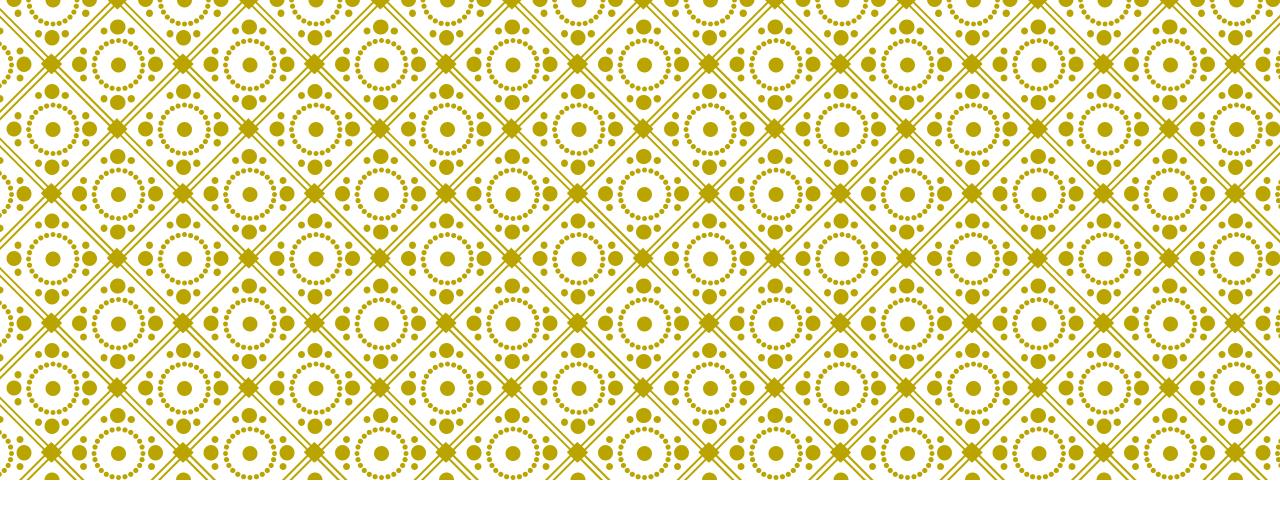




https://www.naeyc.org/resources/topics/dap

Developmentally Appropriate Practice in Early Childhood Programs 3rd Edition





DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE ENVIRONMENTS (DAE) AND INCLUSION

In the 2019/2020 Evaluation Criteria, indicator B.1.3 Developmentally Appropriate Environments is a requirement for 3 Star programs and above.

1. STAFF MEMBERS PROVIDE DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE ACTIVITIES/EXPERIENCES THAT ARE ENGAGING, COMFORTING, CULTURALLY SENSITIVE AND COMPASSIONATE

ALL of the following MUST BE OBSERVED

- All staff/staff and staff/child interactions must be positive or neutral at best
- The staff and children appear to enjoy being with each other and demonstrate respect for one another



1. STAFF MEMBERS PROVIDE DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE ACTIVITIES/EXPERIENCES THAT ARE ENGAGING, COMFORTING, CULTURALLY SENSITIVE AND COMPASSIONATE — CONT.



AT LEAST TWO ADDITIONAL PRACTICES MUST BE OBSERVED

Usually in close physical proximity and often communicates to expand on experiences



- > Intentionally plan for peer interaction (as appropriate for each child)
- > Staff observed having turn taking conversations and asking follow-up questions with most children (in a neutral or pleasant tone of voice)
- > At least one staff-initiated receptive language activity offered daily

STRATEGIES AND EXAMPLES FOR INCLUSION



Peer modeling (p134 – Blended Practices)

- Having a competent peer showing/doing and reinforcing the desired targeted outcome for another child (in this case a child with a special need)
- Provide opportunities for all children to be the peer model
- Match peer models with children that have shared interests



TPOT/Pyramid Model

- > Item 3. Teachers engage in supportive conversations with children
- Back/forth exchanges, elaborate on child's comments/interests, positive descriptive feedback

STRATEGIES AND EXAMPLES FOR INCLUSION CONT.

CLASS observation tool

 Standard 1 – Relationships (Building positive relationships between Teachers and Children)

Conscious discipline

- Section 2: Connection Chapter 6: Encouragement
- Notice instead of judge

Inclusive classroom profile

- Practice #6 Relationships between adults and children
- Highly responsive to interests and emotional needs, sensitive non-threatening tone, warm affect





HOW ARE THINGS SO FAR?

Possible stumbling blocks.....

Core considerations of DAP? Child development, individual preference, cultural and social experiences

YoungStar evaluation criteria? Interactions/respect/expectations, Proximity/peer interactions/conversations/receptive language

Inclusive strategies?









2. THE ENVIRONMENT INCLUDES AT LEAST FIVE DEFINED INTEREST CENTERS/AREAS THAT ARE DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE AND REFLECT EITHER THE WMELS' FIVE DOMAINS OR THE SACF'S NINE CONTENT AREAS

ALL MUST BE OBSERVED

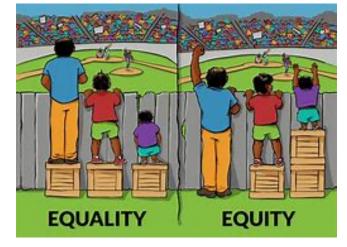
- > At least one book for each child allowed to attend at any given time
- > At least six different types of fine motor materials
- > At least six different types of art materials (12 mo. or older)
- > At least two sets of 10-20 blocks (12 mo. or older)
- > At least five examples of dramatic play materials
- > At least six different types of materials supporting math/number development



MAKING ADAPTATIONS THAT BENEFIT ALL

An adaptation is any alteration or adjustment in the structure or function of an item that results in a better fit for the child or group of children

Equality vs. Equity



Categories of Adaptations
Confining, Stabilizing or Securing
Extending, Enhancing or Enlarging
Adding, Simplifying or Reducing

Important:

- Make sure your adaptations don't get in the way of the child's natural play.
 Adaptations or modifications should support a child's learning, not interfere with it.
- An adaptation may initially be put into place to support a specific child's needs, but it shouldn't be limited to just that child. A functional adaptation should and will benefit more than just one child.

ADAPTATIONS TO BENEFIT ALL CHILDREN



Making small physical, social or temporal changes to activities, materials and/or routines

to increase a child's participation and learning

Examples:

- > Incorporating technology and assistive materials/devices
- \triangleright Adjusting the amount of time spent on/in activities or routines
- Using visual schedules and/or reminders
- Defining clear boundaries
- Using adaptive equipment







ADAPTATIONS TO BENEFIT ALL CHILDREN



Making small physical, social or temporal changes to activities, materials and/or routines

to increase a child's participation and learning

Examples:

- Providing fidgets or alternate seating
- Selecting materials to motivate participation, shared play and social interaction
- Pairing verbal or printed directions with visual cues
- > Add, take away or vary the materials available







2. THE ENVIRONMENT INCLUDES AT LEAST FIVE DEFINED INTEREST CENTERS/AREAS THAT ARE DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE AND REFLECT EITHER THE WMELS' FIVE DOMAINS OR THE SACF'S NINE

CONTENT AREAS (CONT.)

ALL MUST BE OBSERVED



- Materials and/or experiences in at least three centers offer varied levels of difficulty and/or address different learning styles
- Materials in the interest centers must be considered easily accessible, meaning children can reach and use materials and furnishings independently
- > Daily schedule includes 50 consecutive minutes of uninterrupted indoor free choice time

2. THE ENVIRONMENT INCLUDES AT LEAST FIVE DEFINED INTEREST CENTERS/AREAS THAT ARE DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE AND REFLECT EITHER THE WMELS' FIVE DOMAINS OR THE SACF'S NINE CONTENT AREAS (CONT.)

AT LEAST ONE ADDITIONAL PRACTICE MUST BE OBSERVED

- > All interest centers/areas must be available for the majority of the day
- Classroom physical space offers at least one quiet area and one more active area (located away from each other)
- Information about WMELS and/or SACF is provided to the families and staff



HOW WE LEARN AND WHAT WE LIKE



Learning Styles (How I Learn)

Learning Preferences (What I Like)

Visual/Spatial

Learn by seeing, enjoys pictures, drawing, coloring

Auditory

Learn by hearing, tend to be good listeners, enjoys music and rhythm and having books read to them

Kinesthetic/tactile ______

Learn by doing, enjoys hands-on activities, large motor movement, being able to touch and fidget with items

Verbal

Learn by saying, enjoys talking, as well as words, books and writing

Logical/Mathematical

Learn by questioning, enjoys puzzles, activities/tasks that are multi-step, asks a lot of questions (how and why)

ACCESSIBILITY AS THE RULE NOT THE EXCEPTION

Accessible – Able to be reached or entered; easily obtained or used independently

What are the fears associated with creating accessible environments or areas?

- Room arrangement?
- Making materials or toys available?
- Furniture (especially with toddlers)?

How or what can you do to help alleviate these fears?



"To assist a child, we must provide him with an environment which will enable him to develop freely."

– Maria Montisorri

"Children are miracles. We must remember it is our job; to create, with reverence and gratitude, a space that is worthy of a miracle."

- Anita Rui Olds

BEFORE WE WRAP THINGS UP

Possible stumbling blocks.....

YoungStar evaluation criteria? Interest areas/WMELS/SACF, Varied levels/learning styles/Accessibility/Consecutive minutes, Availability/Quiet and active areas/Info for families

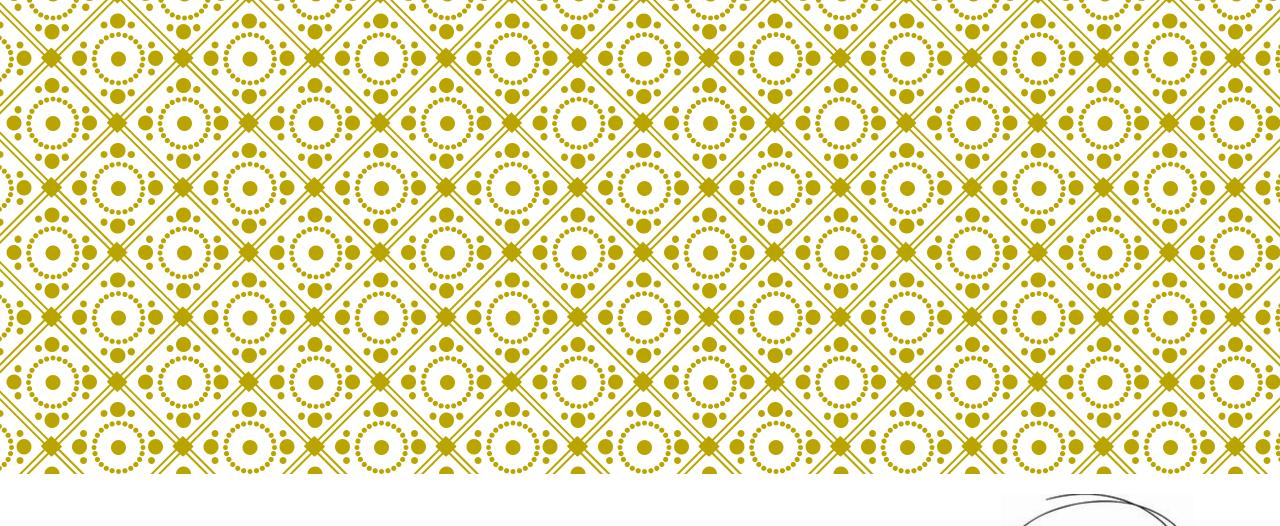
Making Adaptations? Materials, activities, routines and environment



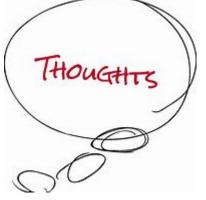








FINAL REFLECTIONS



DAE FOR ALL



Write down a word or thought that you learned today that you can use to better understand each child's

Stage of development?

Individual interests?

Cultural or family experiences?

DAE FOR ALL



Using the words from the previous questions, brainstorm action steps you will implement in your program(s) to create developmentally appropriate environments for all.

| Action Step: | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| Action Step: | | | |
| | | | |

Developmental Milestones

https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/milestones/index.html

WMELS

http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wmels/

http://www.collaboratingpartners.com/wpcontent/uploads/2017/CPlinkedDocs/ApproachestoLearningFamilyTipSheet.pdf

School Age Curricular Framework

https://dcf.wisconsin.gov/files/youngstar/pdf/sa-curricularframework-info.pdf

Universal Design for Learning

http://www.cast.org/our-work/about-udl.html#.XFiiUOaWyUk

Child Temperament

https://www.ecmhc.org/temperament/02-introduction.html https://www.ecmhc.org/temperament/traits.html

Developmentally Appropriate Practice https://www.naeyc.org/resources/topics/dap



Positive Descriptive Feedback (Pyramid Model)

https://dcf.wisconsin.gov/files/youngstar/pdf/ys-2019-20/desc-fdbk.pdf

CLASS Observation Tool

https://www.naeyc.org/sites/default/files/globally-shared/downloads/PDFs/accreditation/early-learning/CO%20SV%20Item Sept%202017.pdf

Making Adaptations

https://dcf.wisconsin.gov/files/youngstar/pdf/ys-2019-20/adapting-toys.pdf

Environmental Support

https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/no-search/iss/curriculum-modifications/environ-support-teacher-tips.pdf

Varied Levels of Difficulty

https://dcf.wisconsin.gov/files/youngstar/pdf/varied-levels-different-learning-styles.ppsx

Indoor Learning Environments

https://www.virtuallabschool.org/preschool/learning-environments/lesson-2 http://www.letthechildrenplay.net/2013/03/be-reggio-inspired-indoor-learning.html